

PUBLICATIONS OF THE 1960 CENSUSES OF POPULATION AND HOUSING

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The general organization and arrangement of the publications of the 1960 Censuses will be quite similar to the corresponding reports for 1950. Through the use of Fostic, the electronic computer, the highspeed printer, and the greater use of sampling, we hope to make these reports available much sooner than those for 1950.

Most of the changes in content of the reports result from changes in the content of the census schedule. For the first time, the 1960 population schedule includes a question on whether persons attending school attended a public or private school. Statistics will be shown separately for persons attending public and private kindergarten, elementary school, and high school for each census tract, urban place, and county.

Another addition to the list of questions is one on place of work of each person at work last week. These data will be coded to identify cities of 50,000 or more, and counties. They will be tabulated to show whether the residents of each urban place and each county worked in the county in which they lived. They will also be tabulated to show the central city and county of work of persons living in each census tract of a standard metropolitan statistical area. Statistics on the related subject of means of transportation to work are also included for the first time.

Language spoken in the home before coming to the United States will be reported for foreign-born persons. The schedule also contains inquiries on veteran status and on period of service. Information on number of children ever born is to be obtained for each ever-married woman in the full 25-percent sample. The item on previous residence relates to 1955, rather than to the previous year. An item on year moved into house of present residence has been added to the schedule.

As in 1950, the Bureau of the Census plans to issue a series of separate paper-covered population reports for each State. Ultimately, these separate State reports will be consolidated into a bound volume for each State.

The first of the State reports on population to be issued will be designated as series PA and will relate to the number of inhabitants in each place, county, minor civil division, urbanized area, SMSA, and State. This report will contain the only statistics for incorporated places of less than 1,000. In addition to inclusion in the bound volume for each State, the separate State parts will be assembled into a single bound volume for the convenience of users of these data.

Both the series PB and PC reports for the various States relate to the general characteristics of the population. These reports contain the

greatest detail for urban places of less than 100,000, SMSA's of less than 100,000, urbanized areas, and counties. The greatest amount of detail, and substantially the same detail, is shown in these reports for each urban place of over 10,000, and for each SMSA, urbanized area, county, and State, as well as for the urban and rural parts of each State. Somewhat less detail is presented for urban places of 2,500 to 10,000, for the rural parts of counties, and, in series PC, for the rural-farm parts of counties.

Series PB contains statistics based on characteristics enumerated on a 100-percent basis and will be issued several months in advance of series PC, which is based on the 25-percent sample items. As compared with 1950, the reports will contain somewhat greater age detail, including single years of age for persons under 21. Series PB will contain tables showing characteristics for minor civil divisions, including color or race, household composition, marital status, and age. Statistics for these areas were included in the report for 1940, but not for 1950.

Series PC will contain some statistics on age of persons in the labor force and a substantial expansion in the occupation detail of employed workers. Other new tabulations include distribution of income for persons and median earnings for workers in selected occupations. Statistics on country of origin of the foreign stock in series PC will cover native of foreign or mixed parentage as well as the foreign born. The corresponding statistics in 1950 covered only the foreign born whites.

The series PD reports present statistics for States, the urban, rural-nonfarm, and rural-farm parts of States, and for SMSA's of 250,000 or more. For a few subjects, they contain statistics for SMSA's of 100,000 to 250,000 and also for cities of 250,000 or more and, very occasionally, for cities of 100,000 or more. Because of the somewhat greater detail in series PC, the series PD reports contain much less data for SMSA's of less than 250,000 and for cities than the 1950 reports.

In addition to the basic series, there will be a number of special population reports on separate subjects, such as migration, the foreign stock, income, occupation, industry, and fertility. Plans for these special reports are in process of being formulated. It is assumed that they will correspond fairly closely to their counterparts of 1950.

Turning now to housing, the new subjects include: number of bedrooms, number of bathrooms, presence of a basement, home food freezers, clothes washing machines, dryers, telephones, air conditioning, and number of automobiles, as well as

presence of elevators for units in larger cities and source of water supply and type of sewage disposal for units in smaller cities and rural areas. Housing units will be classified by condition into the following three groups instead of the two groups of 1950; in good condition, deteriorating, and dilapidated.

Housing Volume I, will include a separate report for each State containing statistics based on characteristics enumerated on both a 100-percent and a sample basis. The most detailed set of tables in the report will contain statistics for each State, each SMSA and the constituent counties of each SMSA, each urban place of 50,000 or more, and each urbanized area. Other sets of tables will contain less extensive data for places of 25,000 to 50,000; 10,000 to 25,000; 2,500 to 10,000; 1,000 to 2,500, for the total of each county, and the rural and rural-farm parts of counties. Some housing subjects are enumerated in a 5-percent sample of housing units. These subjects include: number of bedrooms, fuel for heating, cooking and water heating, home food freezers, number of radios and television sets. Because of this restricted sample, statistics on these subjects are not presented for urban places of less than 25,000 or non-metropolitan counties. Only a few of these subjects are presented for urban places of 25,000 to 50,000.

In a similar manner, separate sets of tables will present less extensive data for housing units occupied by nonwhites in areas with 100 to 400, and for 400 to 2,000 housing units occupied by nonwhites than for areas with a greater number of nonwhites.

Housing Volume II, will contain analytical cross-tabulations of housing data for the United

States, for each of the 9 geographic divisions, for the total of each SMSA of 100,000 or more, and for each city of 100,000 or more. The statistics for each SMSA and for the cities within the SMSA will appear in a separate report.

Volume III on City Block Characteristics will comprise about 500 reports, one for each city of 50,000 or more and one for each of about 250 places which have contracted for a block statistics program. These reports will include, for the first time, the total population, the three-way classification of condition, and the average number of rooms in owner- and renter-occupied units, in addition to the other subjects covered in 1950.

A supplementary survey relating to the components of change in the housing inventory since 1950 and to residential financing is being conducted in conjunction with the 1960 Census. The results of this survey will be presented as Volume IV on Components of Change and Volume V on Residential Financing of the 1960 Housing Census.

The characteristics of rural-farm housing will be covered in a series of analytical cross-tabulations presented for the United States as a whole and for each of about 120 economic subregions as Volume VI of the Housing reports.

The population and housing statistics for census tracts will be combined in a separate report for each tracted SMSA. Other than changes in content resulting from items on the schedule, the most dramatic change in the census tract reports will result from the tremendous increase in number of census tracts as compared with 1950. In 1960, the entire areas of 131 of the SMSA's will be tracted, as well as the areas within 240 of the cities of 50,000 or more.